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इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।
Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 17th September, 2007/Bhadra 26, 1929 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 17th September, 2007 and is hereby published for general information:—

THE INLAND VESSELS (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2007

No. 35 OF 2007

[17th September, 2007]

An Act further to amend the Inland Vessels Act, 1917.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Inland Vessels (Amendment) Act, 2007.

Short title and
commencement.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

1 of 1917.

2. In section 1 of the Inland Vessels Act, 1917 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in sub-section (2), the proviso shall be omitted.

Amendment of
section 1.

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words and figures "an inland mechanically propelled vessel for a period of three years before the first day of November, 1956", the words "a vessel of the Coast Guard, Indian Navy or regular Army for a period as may be prescribed by the State Government in this behalf" shall be substituted;

(ii) after sub-section (1), the following *Explanation* shall be inserted at the end, namely:—

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

30 of 1978.

(a) the expression “Coast Guard” shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (d) of section 2 of the Coast Guard Act, 1978;

62 of 1957.

(b) the expression “Indian Navy” shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (10) of section 3 of the Navy Act, 1957;

46 of 1950.

(c) the expression “regular Army” shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (xxi) of section 3 of the Army Act, 1950.’

8. In section 30 of the principal Act, clause (a) shall be re-lettered as clause (aa), and before clause (aa) as so re-lettered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

Amendment of section 30.

“(a) the period of service in the Coast Guard, Indian Navy or regular Army which is required for a person to be granted a certificate without examination under section 22,”.

9. For section 31 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Substitution of new section for section 31.

“31. A certificate of competency or service and licence granted under this Chapter shall have effect throughout India.”.

Effect of certificates of competency or service and licences.

10. In section 52 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2),—

Amendment of section 52.

(a) in clause (i), the word “and” occurring at the end shall be omitted;

(b) after clause (j), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

“(k) prescribe the requirements that the hull, equipment and machinery of inland mechanically propelled vessel shall comply with;

(l) prescribe the requirement of life saving appliances; and

(m) prescribe the apparatus required for communication and navigation.”.

11. For section 54C of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Substitution of new section for section 54C.

59 of 1988.

“54C. The provisions of section 134, Chapters X, XI and XII of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 shall, as far as may be apply, in relation to the mechanically propelled vessels as they apply in relation to motor vehicles, subject to the following modifications, namely:—

Application of section 134, Chapters X, XI and XII of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 in relation to the mechanically propelled vessels.

(a) in section 134 and throughout in Chapters X, XI and XII,—

(i) references to “motor” or “motor vehicle” or “vehicle” shall be construed as references to “mechanically propelled vessel”;

(ii) references to “public place” shall be construed as references to “inland water”;

(iii) references to “public service vehicle” shall be construed as references to “public service vessel”;

(iv) references to “goods vehicle” shall be construed as references to “goods service vessel”;

(v) references to “State Transport” shall be construed as references to “State Water Transport”;

(vi) references to “driver” or “driver of a vehicle” shall be construed as references to “master of a vessel”;

(vii) references to "driving licence" shall be construed as references to "a certificate granted under Chapter III of the Inland Vessels Act, 1917"; 1 of 1917.

(viii) references to "permit" shall be construed as references to "a certificate of registration granted under section 19F of the Inland Vessels Act, 1917", 1 of 1917.

and such other consequential amendments as the rules of grammar may require, shall also be made;

(b) in section 145,—

(i) after clause (a), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

'(aa) "goods service vessel" means any mechanically propelled vessel used or adapted to be used for carriage of cargo for hire or reward;';

(ii) after clause (d), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

'(da) "public service vessel" means any mechanically propelled vessel used or adapted to be used for the carriage of passengers for hire or reward;';

(iii) for clause (e), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

'(e) "property" includes goods carried in the inland vessel, bridges, landing facilities, navigation marks and infrastructure;';

(iv) after clause (f), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

'(fa) "route" means a line of travel which specifies the waterway which may be traversed by a mechanically propelled vessel between one terminal and another;';

(c) in section 149, in sub-section (2), in clause (a),—

(i) in sub-clause (i),—

(A) in item (c), for the words "transport vehicle", the words "public service vessel or goods service vessel" shall be substituted;

(B) item (d) shall be omitted;

(ii) in sub-clause (ii), for the words "not duly licensed", the words and figures "not holding a certificate granted under Chapter III of the Inland Vessels Act, 1917" shall be substituted; 1 of 1917.

(d) in section 158,—

(i) for the words "transport vehicle", wherever they occur, the words "public service vessel or goods service vessel" shall be substituted, and such other consequential amendments as the rules of grammar may require shall also be made;

(ii) in sub-section (1), for clause (d), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(d) the certificate of survey granted under section 9 of the Inland Vessels Act, 1917,"; 1 of 1917.

(e) in section 161, in sub-section (3),—

(i) in clause (a), for the words "twenty-five thousand rupees", the words "fifty thousand rupees" shall be substituted;

(ii) in clause (b), for the words "twelve thousand and five hundred rupees", the words "twenty-five thousand rupees" shall be substituted;

(f) in section 165, in sub-section (1), for the words "Motor Accidents Claims Tribunals", the words "Inland Vessel Accidents Claims Tribunals" shall be substituted.'

12. After Chapter VIA of the principal Act, the following Chapter shall be inserted, namely:—

Insertion of
new Chapter
VIAB.

CHAPTER VIAB

PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF POLLUTION AND PROTECTION OF INLAND WATER

54D. In this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires,—

Definitions.

(a) "hazardous chemical" or "obnoxious substance" means any chemical or substance, as the case may be, which has been designated as such by rules made under this Chapter;

(b) "oil" means any persistent oil such as crude oil, heavy diesel oil, lubricating oil and white oil, whether carried on board a tanker as cargo or fuel;

(c) "oily mixture" means a mixture with any oil content.

54E. No oil or oily mixture, hazardous chemical or obnoxious substance from a mechanically propelled vessel shall be discharged in inland water:

Prohibition as
to discharge of
oil, oily mix-
ture, etc., in the
inland water.

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to the discharge of such oil or oily mixture, hazardous chemical or obnoxious substance from a mechanically propelled vessel for the purpose of securing the safety of a mechanically propelled vessel, preventing damage to a mechanically propelled vessel, cargo or saving of life at inland water.

54F. (1) The owner or operator of an inland port, at cargo or passenger terminal, as the case may be, shall provide reception facilities to discharge oil, oily mixture, hazardous chemical or obnoxious substance at such inland port, cargo or passenger terminal.

Reception
facilities at
inland port, etc.

(2) The owner or operator of an inland port, at cargo or passenger terminal, as the case may be, providing reception facilities at any inland port, a cargo or passenger terminal may make charges for the use of the facilities at such rates and may impose such conditions in respect of use thereof as may be approved by notification in the Official Gazette, by the State Government in respect of the inland port, cargo or passenger terminal.

(3) For the purposes of minimizing the pollution already caused, or for preventing the pollution threatened to be caused, the State Government may direct, by order in writing, the owner or operator of an inland port, at cargo or passenger terminal to provide or arrange for the provision of such pollution containment equipments and pollutant removing materials at such inland port, cargo and passenger terminal as may be specified in the order.

54G. (1) Any surveyor or any person authorised under this Act in this behalf may, at any reasonable time, enter and inspect any inland port, at cargo or passenger terminal for the purposes of—

Power of entry,
inspection, etc.

(a) ensuring that the provisions of this Chapter are complied with;

(b) verifying whether such inland port, at cargo or passenger terminal is provided with the pollution containment equipment and pollutant removing

materials in conformity with the order of the State Government or the rules made under this Chapter; and

(c) satisfying himself about the adequacy of the measures taken to prevent pollution.

(2) If the surveyor finds that the inland port, at cargo or passenger terminal is not provided with the aforesaid equipment and materials, he shall give notice to the owner or operator of such inland port, cargo or passenger terminal, as the case may be, a notice in writing pointing out the deficiency and also what in his opinion is requisite to remedy the said deficiency.

(3) No owner or operator of such inland port, at cargo or passenger terminal, as the case may be, served with the notice under sub-section (2), shall proceed with any work at such inland port, cargo or passenger terminal, as the case may be, until he obtains a certificate signed by the surveyor to the effect that the inland port, cargo or passenger terminal, as the case may be, is properly provided with the aforesaid equipment and materials in conformity with the rules made under this Chapter.

54H. (1) The Central Government may make rules for the purposes of this Chapter.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may—

(a) prescribe the designated hazardous chemical and obnoxious substance under clause (a) of section 54D;

(b) prescribe fitment of oily mixture treatment equipment on shore and on board in certain cases;

(c) prescribe details of reception facilities at inland port, cargo or passenger terminal;

(d) prescribe the forms and record books for inland port, cargo or passenger terminal and the manner in which such books shall be maintained, the nature of entries to be made therein, the time and circumstances in which such entries shall be made, the custody and disposal thereof and all other matters relating thereto;

(e) any other matter which is to be, or may be, prescribed.

Powers of Central Government to make rules for prevention and control of pollution.

Insertion of new sections 62D and 62E.

Punishment for offences relating to pollution

Offences by companies

13. After section 62C of the principal Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

‘62D. Whoever contravenes any provision of Chapter VIAB or of any rule made thereunder, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to fifty thousand rupees, or with both.

62E. (1) Where an offence under Chapter VIAB has been committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of the company, as well as the company shall be deemed to be guilty of the contravention and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment provided in this Act, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where an offence under Chapter VIAB has been committed by a company, and it is proved that the

offence was committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

(a) “company” means any body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and

(b) “director”, in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.’.

14. (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, by order, published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions, not inconsistent with the provisions of the principal Act as amended by this Act or this Act as may appear to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty:

Power to
remove
difficulties.

Provided that no order shall be made under this section after the expiry of two years from the date on which this Act comes into force.

(2) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of Parliament.

BRAHM AVTAR AGRAWAL,
Additional Secretary to the Govt. of India.